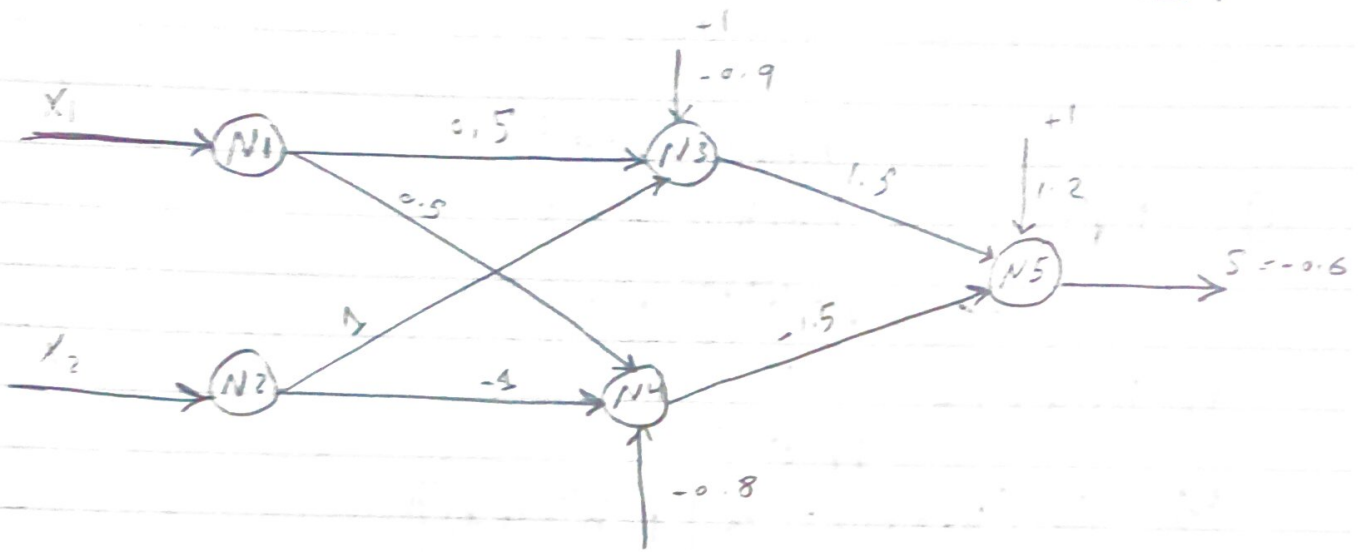


29/10/2016

السبت

محمد

نسخة [5]



$N3, N4 \rightarrow$  binary Sigmoid } Find  $x_1, x_2$   
 $N5 \rightarrow$  bipolar Sigmoid

output ( $N4$ ) = 2 output ( $N3$ )

$$S = -0.6 = g(y_5)$$

$$y_5 = \ln \left[ \frac{1+g(y_5)}{1-g(y_5)} \right] = -1.386$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_5 &= 1.5 f(y_3) - 1.5 f(y_4) - 1.2 \\
 &= 1.5 f(y_3) - 1.5 (2 f(y_3)) - 1.2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(y_3) = 0.124$$

$$f(y_4) = 2 \times 0.124 = 0.248$$

$$y_3 = \ln \left( \frac{f(y_3)}{1-f(y_3)} \right) = -1.955$$

$$y_4 = \ln \left( \frac{f(y_4)}{1-f(y_4)} \right) = -1.109$$

$$y_3 = x_1 (0.5) + x_2 - 0.9 = -1.955$$

$$0.5 x_1 + x_2 = -1.055 \quad (1)$$

$$0.5x_1 - x_2 = -0.369 \quad (2)$$

$$x_1 = -1.364 \quad \rightarrow \quad x_2 = -0.373$$

new sheet

$$① \quad h(\alpha x) = \tanh(\alpha x)$$

$\alpha \Rightarrow$  positive parameter

$$a) \quad h(\alpha x) = \frac{?}{1 + e^{-2\alpha x}} - 1$$

$$b) \quad \frac{d}{dx} [h(\alpha x)] = \alpha [1 - h^2(\alpha x)]$$

$$c) \quad \frac{d}{dx} [h(\alpha x)]_{\max} = \alpha \rightarrow x=0$$

$$d) \quad \frac{d^2}{dx^2} [h(\alpha x)] = -2\alpha^2 h(\alpha x) [1 - h^2(\alpha x)]$$

$$a) \quad h(\alpha x) = \frac{\sinh(\alpha x)}{\cosh(\alpha x)} = \frac{(e^{\alpha x} - e^{-\alpha x})/2}{(e^{\alpha x} + e^{-\alpha x})/2} = \frac{e^{\alpha x} - e^{-\alpha x}}{e^{\alpha x} + e^{-\alpha x}}$$

$$= \frac{1 - e^{-2\alpha x}}{1 + e^{-2\alpha x}} = \frac{2 - 1 - e^{-2\alpha x}}{1 + e^{-2\alpha x}} = \frac{2}{1 + e^{-2\alpha x}} - 1$$

$$b) \quad \frac{d}{dx} [h(\alpha x)] = \frac{d}{dx} [\tanh(\alpha x)] = \alpha \operatorname{sech}^2(\alpha x)$$

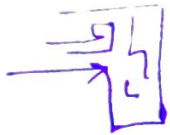
$$= (1 - \tanh^2(\alpha x)) \alpha = \alpha [1 - h^2(\alpha x)]$$

$$c) \quad \frac{d}{dx} (h(\alpha x)) \Big|_{\max} \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dx} [\tanh(\alpha x)]$$

$$= \frac{d^2}{dx^2} [\tanh(\alpha x)] = \frac{d}{dx} [\alpha (1 - \tanh^2(\alpha x))]$$

$$= \alpha (-2\alpha \tanh(\alpha x) \operatorname{sech}^2(\alpha x))$$

$$\Rightarrow -2\alpha^2 \tanh(\alpha x) \operatorname{sech}^2(\alpha x) = 0$$

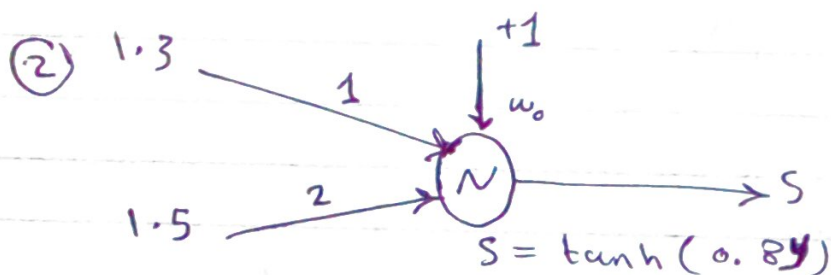


①  $\alpha$  هو  $\alpha$  من  $\tanh$  و  $\alpha$  من  $\text{sech}$  و  $\alpha$  من  $\tanh$  و  $\alpha$  من  $\text{sech}$

$$\tanh(\alpha x) = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \tanh(\alpha x) = \alpha \text{sech}^2(\alpha x) \Big|_{x=0} = \alpha \text{sech}^2(0) = 1\alpha$$

~~max at  $\alpha = 1$  max~~



①  $w_0 = -2.5$ ; get  $S$

②  $S = 0.71$ ; get  $w_0$

$$y = 1.3 + 3 + w_0 = 4.3 + w_0$$

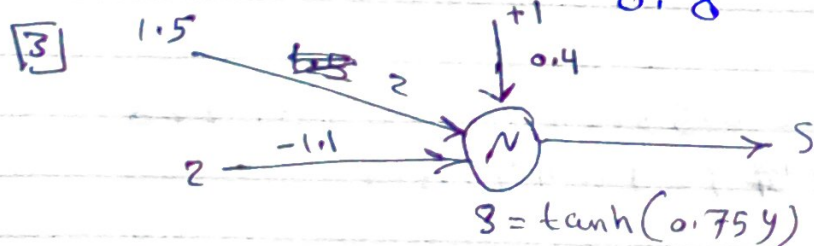
a)  $w_0 = -2.5$

$$y = 4.3 - 2.5 = 1.8$$

$$\Rightarrow S = \tanh(0.8(1.8)) = 0.894$$

b)  $y = \tanh^{-1}(0.71) / 0.8 = 4.3 + w_0 = 1.109$

$$w_0 = -4.3 + \frac{\tanh^{-1}(0.71)}{0.8} = -3.191$$



a)  $S = \tanh(0.75)y$

$$y = 1.2 \Rightarrow S = \tanh(0.7 \times 1.2) = 0.716$$

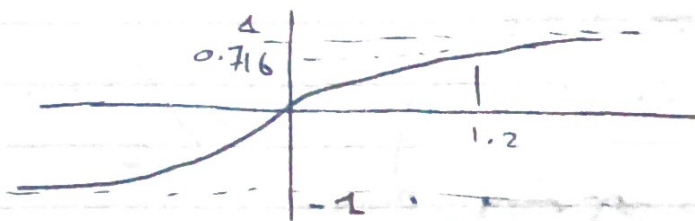
b)  $\frac{dS}{dy} = \alpha \text{sech}^2(\alpha y) = 0.75 \text{sech}^2(0.75 \times 1.2)$

$$= 0.366$$

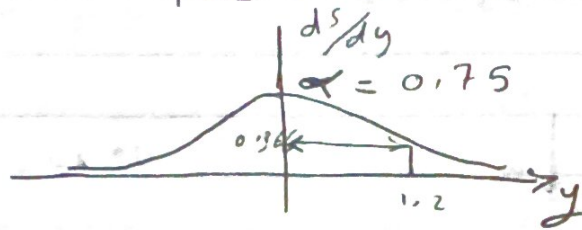


c) "S"

y	-2.5	-2	...
S	0.954	-0.905	...



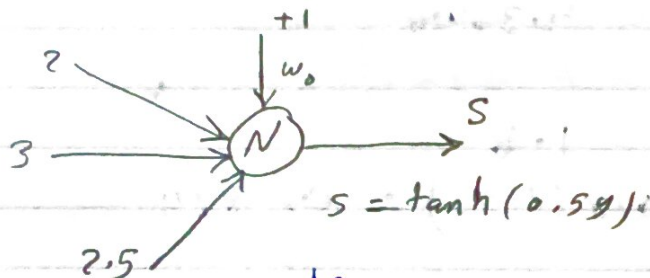
d)  $\frac{dS}{dy}$



e) max  $\rightarrow y$

at  $y=0$   $\max = \alpha \rightarrow \max = 0.75$

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①  $w_0$  at  $\frac{dS}{dy} = 0.226$

Find  $y, S$

$$y = -3.4 + w_0$$

$$\frac{dS}{dy} = \alpha \operatorname{sech}^2(\alpha y) = 0.5 \operatorname{sech}^2(0.5y) = 0.226$$

$$= 0.5 (1 - \tanh^2(0.5y))$$

$$\tanh(0.5y) = \sqrt{0.548} = \pm 0.74$$

$$y = \pm 1.9 ; w_0 = \begin{cases} +5.3 \\ +1.5 \end{cases}$$

$$S = \tanh(\pm 1.9 \pm 0.5) = \pm 0.74$$

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